#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RCC** FILE NUMBER: D-16814 PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: State: Texas County: Cameron Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 26-07-11.5/97-10-09 Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.143 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Gulf of Mexico Name of watershed: N/A JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Date: 14 December 2004 **Completed:** Desktop determination Site visit(s) Date(s):

Ĭ.	uris	diction	ıal De	termin	ation	(JD)	:

	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq  there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
×	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:
	☐ <i>There are</i> "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
	There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
	<ul> <li>☑ There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.</li> <li>☑ Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No</li> </ul>

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Jurisdiction.

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
**	(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
	interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
. 4	(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands <sup>1</sup> .
424	(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,
	sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or
	destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
	(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
	(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
	(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
132	(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas. (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

Late	ral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other:  □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ other:
4	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
回	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain): Isolated from Gul of Mexico by numerous houses and city roads. Wetland may be result of adjacent lots being built-up.
DATA I	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Autural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: 8' (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Date): applicant's ground photos dated 11/19/04  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** Galveston District FILE NUMBER: 23626 PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: State: Texas County: Nueces 27-37-3.8806 97-17-47.2973 Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approximately 9 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Laguna Madre Name of watershed: Laguna Madre JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Date: 16 December 2004 **Completed:** Desktop determination Site visit(s) Date(s): Jurisdictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 1 acre. There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction. BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

В.	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
	(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
	interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands <sup>1</sup> .
84	(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,
	sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or
	destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
	(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
	(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
	(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- 1	(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
	(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.
2	(6) The presence of territorial seas.
	(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent <sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The project will involve work in the Laguna Madre, a navigable water. A federal channel, the GIWW, is located within the Laguna Madre, and is used in the transportation of materials by barge.

FILE NUMBER: 23626

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other:  □ High Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) □ physical markings/characteristics □ tidal gages other:
*	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Pita Island  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Hatural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Nueces  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Nueces County Panel 485464 0356C July 18, 1985  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

# JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** D-16792

<b>PROJEC</b>	CT LOCATION INFORMATION:			
App Nan		e): including	N28° 03' 57" uplands:	W97° 05' 53" acres.
	ICTIONAL DETERMINATION npleted: Desktop determination Site visit(s)	$\boxtimes$	Date: 12/7/04 Date(s):	
Jur	isdictional Determination (JD):			
				ar to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the n the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
$\boxtimes$	Approved JD – An approved JD is an a Check all that apply:	ppealable	action (Refere	nce 33 CFR part 331).
	There are "navigable waters of the the reviewed area. Approximate size o			d by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within .
	☐ There are "waters of the United Stareviewed area. Approximate size of jun			FR part 328 and associated guidance) within the
	There are "isolated, non-navigable, Decision supported Jurisdiction.			tlands" within the reviewed area.  By Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No.
Α.	DF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINA Waters defined under 33 CFR part 3 The presence of waters that are subject the past, or may be susceptible for use	29 as "na to the ebb	and flow of th	e tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in
B. ⊠	interstate or foreign commerce, includi	currently ung all wat	ised, or were us ers which are s	sed in the past, or may be susceptible to use in ubject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie podestruction of which could affect inters  (i) which are or could be used by i  (ii) from which fish or shellfish are  (iii) which are or could be used for	is intrastat tholes, we state comm nterstate of e or could r industria	te lakes, rivers, et meadows, pla nerce including or foreign trave be taken and s il purposes by i	streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, ya lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or any such waters (check all that apply): lers for recreational or other purposes. old in interstate or foreign commerce. Industries in interstate commerce.
	<ul> <li>(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise</li> <li>(5) The presence of a tributary to a wat</li> <li>(6) The presence of territorial seas.</li> <li>(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>	er identifi	ed in (1) – (4)	
Dof	ionale for the Rasis of Jurisdictional F	)etermine	ation (annlies t	o any hoves checked above). If the jurisdictional

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

Late	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other:  □ tidal gages □ other: ground photography
NE NE	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☒ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
48	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
DATA I	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RC** 

FILE NUMBER: D-16054

#### PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County: Harris

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

29° 49' 41"N, 95° 04' 24"W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 40 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: San Jacinto River

Name of watershed: San Jacinto

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Date: 30 August2004

Site visit(s)

Date(s): 10 November 2004

In	risdic	tional	Determ	ination	(ID)
JU	House	LIGHAL	Determ	HIIIALION	1.0171

25	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, $\square$ there appear to be (or) $\square$ there appear to be no "waters of the
	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

☑ There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: Unknown.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: Unknown.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

$\boxtimes$	(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
	interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands <sup>1</sup> .
	(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,
	sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or
	destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
	(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
	(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
	(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Wetlands are neighboring the San Jacinto River

Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by:  oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Crouch Environmental Services
The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated 3 December 2004, prepared by (company): Crouch mental Services  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Highlands  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: Highlands  USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Harris County Panel 730 of 1135, 6 November 1996  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995 Highlands DOQQ •  1995, 1989, 1981, 1971, 1964, 1953 Landisco raerial photos  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on: 10 November 2004  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

FILE I PROJ Si C C A	NUMBER: D-16762 ECT LOCATION INFORMATION: ate: Texas ounty: Chambers enter coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29° 41′ 43″N, 94° 54′ 55″W pproximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands:1.38-Acres ame of nearest waterway: Cedar Bayou ame of watershed: Trinity Bay
	SDICTIONAL DETERMINATION  ompleted: Desktop determination
J	urisdictional Determination (JD):
	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
2	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:
	There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
	There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
	There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.  Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.
BASI	
	<u> </u>

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER:

D-16762

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    clear, natural line impressed on the bank
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
DATA I	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, datedsept 2004, prepared by (company): ENSR This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Not Available  100-year Floodplain Elevation is:  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995 CIR  Other photographs (Date): Site Photos  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG-PE-RC **FILE NUMBER:** D-15726/(01)

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						ed by 33	CFR par	t 329 and	associat	ed guidance) v	within
						CFR part	328 and	associate	d guidan	ce) within the	
There	e are "isol	Decision s	supported							Determination	of No
The prese	ence of wa	ters that are	e subject t	to the ebb	and flow of t	he tide ar	nd/or are	presently	used, or	have been use	ed in
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OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINA Waters defined under 33 CFR part 3:  (1) The presence of waters that are subject the past, or may be susceptible for use the past, or may be susceptible for use to interstate or foreign commerce, includin (2) The presence of interstate waters incommerce, including (3) The presence of other waters such a sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie pot destruction of which could affect intersimal (i) which are or could be used by in (ii) from which fish or shellfish are (iii) which are or could be used for (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise (5) The presence of territorial seas.	ate: Texas county: Harris center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): coproximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including ame of nearest waterway: Clear Creek ame of watershed: Clear Creek completed: Desktop determination	ate: Texas bunty: Harris enter coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM 15 26 proximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: pame of nearest waterway: Clear Creek ame of watershed: Clear Creek  DICTIONAL DETERMINATION bumpleted: Desktop determination	ate: Texas punty: Harris enter coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM 15 267261E 32 approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres ame of nearest waterway: Clear Creek ame of nearest waterway: Clear Creek ame of watershed: Clear Creek  DICTIONAL DETERMINATION pupleted: Desktop determination	ate: Texas bunty: Harris county: Harris county: Harris controordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM 15 267261E 3275065N pproximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres. ame of nearest waterway: Clear Creek ame of nearest waterway: Clear Creek ame of watershed: Clear Creek DICTIONAL DETERMINATION ompleted: Desktop determination \( \sqrt{Date}\) Date: 1 December 2004 Site visit(s) \( \sqrt{Date}\) Date(s): 10 November 2004 visidictional Determination (JD):  Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \sqrt{there appear to be (or) \sqrt{United States'' and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part Check all that apply:  \( \sqrt{there are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:  \( \sqrt{there are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:  \( \sqrt{there are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Inford Jurisdiction.  OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:  Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States" (1) The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.  Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States" (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb (2) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including and flats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natu destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters \( \sqrt{1}\) (i) which are or could be	ate: Texas bunty: Harris purply: Harris proximates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM 15 267261E 3275065N proximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres. proximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres. proximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres. proximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres. proximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres. proximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres.  DICTIONAL DETERMINATION properties are uplanted by Date(s): 10 November 2004  prisdictional Determination (JD):  Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear united States' and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A prelimate (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:  There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:  There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associate reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:  There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information S Jurisdiction.  OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:  Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":  The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.  Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":  (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be sinterstate or foreign commerce, including interstate valued in the past, or may be sinterstate or foreign commerce, including interstate valued in the past, or may be sinterstate or fore	ate: Texas    Harris	ate: Texas control Harris anter coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM 15 267261E 3275065N pproximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres. ame of nearest waterway: Clear Creek ame of watershed: Clear Creek  DICTIONAL DETERMINATION pompleted: Desktop determination

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Wetlands Meet definition of neighboring.

FILE NUMBER: D-15726/(01)

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by:  in oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
$\boxtimes$	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: TC&B
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
$\boxtimes$	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated August 2004, prepared by (company): TC&B This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated August 2004, prepared by (company): TC&B This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated August 2004, prepared by (company): TC&B This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated August 2004, prepared by (company): TC&B This office does not concur with the delineation.  Stepared This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated August 2004, prepared by (company): TC&B This office delineation.  Maps (Map Name & Date): Digital Harris County Indicated Indicated This office delineation well and the delineation report, dated August 2004, prepared by (company): TC&B This office delineation.  Maps (Map Name & Date): Digital Harris County Indicated This office delineation report, dated August 2004, prepared by (company): Township in the delineation report, dated August 2004, prepared by (company): Township in the delineation report, dated August 2004, prepared by (company): Township in the delineation report, dated August 2004, prepared by (c

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG-PE-RC

FILE NUMBER: D-16744

#### PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Jefferson

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

UTM 15 363891E 3320837N

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands:

acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Neches River Name of watershed:

Neches River

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Date: 13 December 2004

Site visit(s)

Date(s):

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\simeg \) there appear to be (or) \(\subseteq\) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

Im There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

Marcher There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

#### BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

[ (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Tributray of Neches River and wetland signatures in close proximity to the Neches River.

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  I light Tide Line indicated by:  I light Tide Line indicated by:  Oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)  I changes in the character of soil  I destruction of terrestrial vegetation  Shelving  Other:
3	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
零	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas Marie Marie Ma	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	<ul> <li>Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:</li> <li>Other (explain):</li> </ul>
X	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Nome, TX  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey is Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey is Minute Historic Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps: Digital Nome, TX  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Digital Jefferson County  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995 Nome, TX DOQQ  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

	UMBER:			
Sta Co Ce Ap Na	te: unty: nter coordi proximate	ATION INFORMATION: Texas Harris inates of site (latitude/longitues size of area (parcel) reviewerest waterway: Cypress Creekershed:	d, includin	301939; 3285356 ag uplands: acres.
		AL DETERMINATION Desktop determination Site visit(s)	⊠ ■	Date: 02 December 2004 Date(s):
Jui	Prelimin United S	al Determination (JD): hary JD - Based on available i States" and/or "navigable wate nce 33 CFR part 331).	nformation ers of the U	n, $\square$ there appear to be (or) $\square$ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
Ø	Check al	Il that apply:	e United S	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).  tates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within
	☑ There	e are "waters of the United Sid area. Approximate size of j	tates" (as urisdiction	defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the
	<b></b>			ANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No.
BASIS (A.	Waters of The prese	ence of waters that are subjec	329 as "n et to the eb	avigable waters of the United States": b and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in ort interstate or foreign commerce.
B. □	(1) The printerstate	presence of waters, which are	currently ling all wa	used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in ters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands. Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: reference the 1922 Topographic Map, this water is identified as Wunschke Gully, a tributary to Cypress Creek.

La	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    clear, natural line impressed on the bank   oil or scum line along shore objects   fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)   physical markings/characteristics   tidal gages   other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Texas Department of Transportation
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
$\boxtimes$	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: 1922; 1999  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): January, 1995  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:
	Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** D-16775

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State:

Texas

County: Calhoun
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

28° 23' 05" N, 96° 42' 07" W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.6423 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: San Antonio Bay

Name of watershed: Huc Code: 12100403, East San Antonio Bay

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 16 December 2004

Date(s): 26 October 2004

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.0121 acre.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: San Antonio Bay is subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and is a navigable water of the United States.

La 🔟	1160 1100 Enter Indicated by
	clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects
	the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation physical markings characteristics
	shelving other:
	other:
Ø	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
a	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
	we than doubt dates, as shown on the attached we than define attorn map and/or in a define attorn report prepared by:
2000	sis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:
	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.
ä	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).
Ĭ.	The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the
	United States:
	Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.
	Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and
	retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or
	rice growing.
	Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
	Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is
	abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR
	328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
	Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	<ul> <li>Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:</li> <li>Other (explain):</li> </ul>
	Спот (скриши).
DATA F	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
100	This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
	This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
	Data sheets prepared by the Corps.
	Corps' navigable waters' studies:
<u> </u>	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Seadrift Quadrangle
fi	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
M	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:
	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:
	National wetlands inventory maps: Seadrift Quadrangle
	State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
菌	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)
	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):
	Other photographs (Date):
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: 26 October 2004
台	Applicable/supporting case law:
図	Other information (please specify): DA Permit 19045 located on this same project site.

1515

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** SWG-04-33-028

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State: Texas County: Waller

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

UTM14,771994E,3336371N,UTM14,773492E,3336453N,UTM14,774036E,3336478N

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 6.7 acres. Name of nearest waterway: unnamed tributaries of the Brazos River

Name of watershed: Brazos River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMIN
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Completed: Desktop determination Date: 29 Nov 2004
Site visit(s) Date(s):

# Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

X	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq  there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information on the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available information of the preliminary JD - Based on available
	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States"	(as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) withir
the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional	area: .

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- $\overline{(4)}$  Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
  - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: See D-13586 & delineation submitted by the applicant

FILE NUMBER: SWG-04-33-028

Lat	Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
Ø	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: the applicant
Bas 题	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Daniels Quad  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Asturial Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 2002, 1996, 1984, 1972, 1952 historic aerials Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 19845(03)

	CT LOCATION INFORMATION:
	te: Texas
	unty: Jefferson
	nter coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29° 54′ 56″N, 93° 53′ 20″W (NAD27)
	proximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 3.5 acres.
	ne of nearest waterway: Sabine-Neches Canal
Nar	ne of watershed: Sabine Lake
	DICTIONAL DETERMINATION
Co	mpleted: Desktop determination Date: 16 December 2004  Site visit(s) Date(s):
	Site visit(s) Date(s):
Jur	isdictional Determination (JD):
	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the
•	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
*	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).
X	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
A	Check all that apply:
	***
	There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within
	the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 3.5 acres
	There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the
	reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
	There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.
	Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
	Jurisdiction.
D. CTC	OF WINKINGTON AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY
	OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:
**********	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
X	The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in
	the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
<b>D</b>	W. J. C. J. J. 22 CFD. (200.24) (6. 4. 6.) T. V. NO. 4. 6.
В.	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
	(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
-	interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands <sup>1</sup> .
	(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,
	sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or
	destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
	(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
	(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
-	(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
	(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.
	(6) The presence of territorial seas.
	(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent <sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). The proposed project is located in the Sabine-Neches Canal, which is a federally maintained navigable waterway.

La	ateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and	d 329) 19845(03)
		High Tide Line indicated by:
	clear, natural line impressed on the bank	oil or scum line along shore objects
	the presence of litter and debris	fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)
	changes in the character of soil	physical markings/characteristics
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation	tidal gages
	shelving	other: Applicant supplied information
	other:	
	<b>_</b>	
X	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:	
********	Survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vege	etation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delinea	ation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Ba	asis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:	
	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.	
		lowing waters present on the site are not Waters of the
	United States:	
	Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or	
	Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to uplar	
	Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or	
	retain water and which are used exclusively for such pu	urposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or
	rice growing.	
	Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small of	ornamental bodies of water created
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for	r primarily aesthetic reasons.
	Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental	to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land fo
	the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and	
		efinition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR
	328.3(a).	
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate of	
	Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural	
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on d	ry land. Explain rationale:
	Other (explain):	
nata i	DEVIEWED EOD HIDGIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION	Co. 1. 1141.4 1. N
	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION	
X	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the appl Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant	
۳		
	☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated ☐ This office does not concur with the delineation report, date	, prepared by (company):
	• <del></del> .	ted, prepared by (company):
딣		
	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:	
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:	
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:	
	U.S. Geological Survey 1.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:	
	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:	
	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:	
님	National wetlands inventory maps:	•
	State/Local wetland inventory maps:	
	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):	
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)	
	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):	
	Other photographs (Date):	
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:	
旦	Site visit/determination conducted on:	
	Applicable/supporting case law:	
	Other information (please specify):	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 14392(05)1935 PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION

Co Co Aj Na	ate: Texas punty: Harris enter coordinates of site (latitude/longitud pproximate size of area (parcel) reviewed ume of nearest waterway: Taylor Lake ume of watershed: North Galveston Bay		
	DICTIONAL DETERMINATION  ompleted: Desktop determination  Site visit(s)	⊠ ■	Date: 14 December 2004 Date(s):
Ju	risdictional Determination (JD):		
	Preliminary JD - Based on available in United States" and/or "navigable water (Reference 33 CFR part 331).	nformations of the	n, $\square$ there appear to be (or) $\square$ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
X	Approved JD - An approved JD is an Check all that apply:	appealab	le action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
	★ There are "navigable waters of the the reviewed area. Approximate size of the content	United S of jurisdic	states" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ctional area:
	There are "waters of the United Streviewed area. Approximate size of ju	ates" (as irisdiction	defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the nal area:
			ate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.  ANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
BASIS A.		329 as "n to the eb	navigable waters of the United States":  b and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in ort interstate or foreign commerce.
В.	(1) The presence of waters, which are	currently	used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in ters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	<ul><li>(2) The presence of interstate waters in</li><li>(3) The presence of other waters such a sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie po</li></ul>	icluding i as intrasta tholes, w	nterstate wetlands <sup>1</sup> .  ate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, et meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or merce including any such waters (check all that apply):
	(i) which are or could be used by i	interstate e or could r industri defined a	or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. d be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. al purposes by industries in interstate commerce. as waters of the US.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). The proposed project is located in Taylor Lake, which is a navigable tributary of Clear Lake.

La	□ clear, natural line impressed on the bank       □ oil or scum line along shore objects         □ the presence of litter and debris       □ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)         □ changes in the character of soil       □ physical markings/characteristics         □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation       □ tidal gages         □ shelving       □ other: Applicant supplied information         □ other:       Applicant supplied information
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Base of the second seco	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
DATA I	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quad

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** ceswg **FILE NUMBER:** d-16708

Sta Cou Cer App Nar	te: tx unty: jefferson nter coordinates of si proximate size of are me of nearest waterw me of watershed:	i ite (latitude/longitud ea (parcel) reviewed		utm zone 15 398019E; 3322038N g uplands: 2 acres.
	DICTIONAL DETE mpleted: Desktop Site visit	determination		Date: 10/25/04. Date(s):
Jur	isdictional Determi	ination (JD):		
×		or "navigable water		, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the nited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	Approved JD – An Check all that appl		ppealable	action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
		igable waters of the Approximate size o		ates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ional area:
		ers of the United Sta proximate size of ju		efined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the larea:
	There are "isol			te waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.  NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
A.	The presence of wa	nder 33 CFR part 3 aters that are subject	29 as "na to the ebb	vigable waters of the United States": and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in tinterstate or foreign commerce.
B.	(1) The presence of interstate or foreign (2) The presence of (3) The presence of sandflats, wetlands destruction of which is a continuous (i) which are (ii) which are (4) Impoundments (5) The presence of (6) The presence of interstant (5) The presence of (6) The presence of interstant (5) The presence of (6) The presence of (6) The presence of (7) The presence of	f waters, which are concommerce, including finterstate waters in fother waters such a school solution, sloughs, prairie point could affect intersor could be used by in fish or shellfish are or could be used for of waters otherwise fat ributary to a water territorial seas.	currently using all water cluding in as intrastate tholes, we tate communiterstate of could industrial defined as er identification.	e lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, t meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or herce including any such waters (check all that apply): r foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER.
teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Date): Applicant's site photos  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 23615

PROJECT	LOCA	TION	INFO	RMA	TION:
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State: Texas County: Harris

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Lat: 25.58.46 Long: 94.53.37

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 5 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Greens Bayou Name of watershed: Buffalo Bayou

### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed:	Desktop determination	$\boxtimes$	Date: 14 December 2004
	Site visit(s)		Date(s):

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the
CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

# B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
  - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
  - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 23615

ral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:  The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Jnable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  He Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the Jnited States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
VIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  flaps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  plata sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Part a sheets prepared by the Corps.  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Part a sheets prepared by the Corps.  Part a sheets prepared by (company):  Part a sheets prepared by

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG** FILE NUMBER: 23601

PROJECT	<b>LOCATION</b>	INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Harris

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Lat: 29.46.75 Long: 95.04.19

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 26 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: San Jacinto River Name of watershed: San Jacinto River

### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 13 December 2004 Site visit(s) Date(s):

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No 

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

# B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
  - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the Co.
  (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
  (6) The presence of territorial seas.
  (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 23601

La	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    clear, natural line impressed on the bank   oil or scum line along shore objects   fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)   physical markings/characteristics   destruction of terrestrial vegetation   tidal gages   other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Ba	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Datural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:
	Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

	CT OFFICE: CESWG UMBER: 20852(07)
State Cou Cen App Nam	
	ICTIONAL DETERMINATION  npleted: Desktop determination
Juri	isdictional Determination (JD):
	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
×	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:
	There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
	There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
	There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.  Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.
A.	F JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":  (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.  (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands <sup>1</sup> .  (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):  (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US. (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

2 **FILE NUMBER: 20852(07)** Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. П Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)

Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):

Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Other photographs (Date):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** D-16694

# PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Galveston

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Lat: 29.24.29 Long: 94.55.08

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 5.79 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Dollar Bay Name of watershed: West Galveston Bay

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Date: 13 December 2004

Site visit(s) Date(s):

# Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

#### BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
  - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
  - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
  - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

	ral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    clear, natural line impressed on the bank
•	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
\$2	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify): Permit No. 20908

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER: 09776(08)** 

# PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Harris Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 29.44.52 Long: 95.10.43

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 10 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Buffalo Bayou - Houston Ship Channel

Name of watershed: Buffalo Bayou

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Date: 24 Nov 04

Site visit(s)

Date(s):

# Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \begin{aligned} \text{there appear to be (or)} \) \( \begin{aligned} there appear to be no "waters of the details are the control of the contro
 United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
  - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
  - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
  - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
  - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

**FILE NUMBER:** 09776(08)

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:    clear, natural line impressed on the bank
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:  The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
DATA I	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG** FILE NUMBER: D-16021

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State:

Texas

County:

Galveston

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 29-16-40.7092 Long: 94-51-51.4739

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Offatts Bayou West Galveston Bay Name of watershed:

# JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Date: 16 December 2004

Site visit(s)

Date(s): 28 May 2004

urisdictional	Determination	(JD)	):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \square\$ there appear to be (or) \( \square\$ there appear to be no "waters of the
 United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

Marchard There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

#### BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A	Waters defined	under 33 CFR	nart 329 as "n	avigable water	s of the United :	States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

# B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-16021

	Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by:   Clear, natural line impressed on the bank   Changes in the character of soil   Clearuction of terrestrial vegetation   Clearuction of the character of soil   Clearuction of terrestrial vegetation   Changes   Clearuction of terrestrial vegetation   Clearuction of terrestrial vegetat
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Berg-Oliver Associates and Gulf Coast Engineering and Surveying
Bas Significant	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA F 图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图图	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Galveston, Tex. 1974  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Galveston County  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): March 2003 Infrared Aerial  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:
<b>⊠</b>	Site visit/determination conducted on: 28 May 2004 Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG** 

FILE NUMBER: D-16417 PrimeTex Reality

PROJECT	LOCA	ATION	INFOR	MATION:
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State: Texas County: Waller

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29 52' 34" N 96 00' 52" W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 548 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Dry Branch Name of watershed: Lower Brazos

## JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 8 Dec 2004

Date(s):

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \ldots \) there appear to be (or) \( \ldots \) there appear to be no "waters of the
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

## BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

# B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Dry branch is a tributary of Bessies Creek which in turn flows into the Brazos River. The Brazos River is a navigable water of the United States. As such, Dry Branch and its two impoundments located on the property are subject to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers jurisdiction under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Additionally, any adjacent wetlands that maybe identified on the property would also be subject to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers jurisdiction under SAection 404.

FILE NUMBER: D-16417

Late		tent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts		
		ry High Water Mark indicated by:	Hig.	gh Tide Line indicated by:
		lear, natural line impressed on the bank		oil or scum line along shore objects
		ne presence of litter and debris		fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)
		hanges in the character of soil		physical markings/characteristics
	□ d	estruction of terrestrial vegetation		] tidal gages
	☐ sl	helving		other:
		ther:		
** The la	iteral ex	tent of jurisdiction was not determined, the Co	rps is simply s	stating jurisdictional waters of the United States
exist on t	he subj	ect property. **		
		High Water Mark indicat <u>ed</u> by:	_	
	sur	vey to available datum; 🔲 physical markings;	☐ vegetation	n lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetlar	nd boundaries, as shown on the attached wetlan	d delineation 1	map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Roc	ic For P	Not Asserting Jurisdiction:		
Das		viewed area consists entirely of uplands.		
		e to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR	oart 328(a)(1, 2	2, or 4-7).
		uarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the		
				ng waters present on the site are not Waters of the
ALCOHOL.		l States:		
		Waste treatment systems, including treatment	ponds or lago	oons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.
	Ħ	Artificially irrigated areas, which would rever		
	Ħ	Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavati		
	_			ses as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or
		rice growing.	or such purpos	see as stock watering, irrigation, setting busins, or
	П	Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or oth	er small ornan	mental bodies of water created
	ப	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain		
				construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for
	L	the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel u	inless and until	
		328.3(a).	cets the definit	tion of waters of the officed blates found at 35 cf K
		Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to i	nterstate comn	merce.
				sources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
		Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excav	ated on dry lai	ınd. Explain rationale:
		Other (explain):		
DATAI	DEWIE'	WED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMI	NATION (ma	ark all that anniv).
DAIAI		plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of		
		sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the		и.
		his office concurs with the delineation report, of		orepared by (company):
		his office does not concur with the delineation		, prepared by (company):
			report, dated	, prepared by (company).
- 5		sheets prepared by the Corps.		
		' navigable waters' studies:		
===		Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:	C C:da	a Tayaa Oyad
25		Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maj		e, Texas Quad
		Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadran		
		Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrang		
		A Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil	Survey:	
		nal wetlands inventory maps:		
		Local wetland inventory maps:		0640 0100D :
		A/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Waller Co	unty Panel 480	UO4U-UIUUB ISSUED IS DEC 1986
	100-y	ear Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)	_:	ne
23		Photographs (Name & Date): TNRIS 1m colo		
		photographs (Date): Unknown date from Topo	zone.com, pro	ovided by applicant
ú. 4		nced Identification Wetland maps:		
101		isit/determination conducted on:		
<u>.</u>		cable/supporting case law:		•
1.1	Other	information (please specify).		

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG** FILE NUMBER: 23624

PRO	O.	IE	CI	'T	O.	CA	T	O	V	IN	FC	R	ΛÍΑ	TI	ON	J٠

State:

Texas

County:

Brazoria

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

UTM 15 251131E 3204954N (WGS84/NAD83) Cedar Lane NE

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands:

Name of nearest waterway: San Bernard River Name of watershed: San Bernard River

# JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Date: 13 Dec 04

Site visit(s) Date(s):

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \square \) there appear to be (or) \( \square \) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

☑ There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wettands.

  (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Project is located along the San Bernard River.

FILE NUMBER: 23624

Lat. ⊠	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: Plans  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Basi	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 17 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 19 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 19 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23574

#### PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Matagorda

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM 15 210375E 3174178N (NAD27) Matagorda Quad

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: ac

Name of nearest waterway: Colorado River Name of watershed: Colorado River

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 13 October 2004

Date(s):

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \_\_\_\_ there appear to be (or) \_\_\_\_ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

#### BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Project is located along the Colorado River.

**FILE NUMBER: 23574** 

Lat	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: Plans  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.  Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
DATA H	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG** FILE NUMBER: D-16614

#### PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Matagorda

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

UTM 15 210375E 3174178N (NAD27) Matagorda Quad

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands:

acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Colorado River Name of watershed:

Colorado River

# JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Date: 13 October 2004

Date(s):

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Site visit(s)

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the"} \) United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

Marcher There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Project is located along the Colorado River.

Lat	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: Plans  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
[3]	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.  Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
DATA R	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 17 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Ge

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-15797/(01)** 

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State: Texas County: Brazoria

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29 10' 52" N 95 36' 06" W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1- acre.

	me of nearest waterv me of watershed: Lo			
-	DICTIONAL DETE impleted: Desktop Site visit	determination		Date: Date(s): 6 Oct 2004
Ju	risdictional Determ	ination (JD):		
	Preliminary JD - B United States" and (Reference 33 CFF	or "navigable water	formation, s of the U	there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the nited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
Ø	Approved JD – Ar Check all that appl		ppealable	action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
		igable waters of the Approximate size o		ates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ional area:
		ers of the United Sta proximate size of jur		efined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the l area:
	There are "isol			te waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
BASIS	OF JURISDICTION			
A.	The presence of wa	ters that are subject	to the ebb	vigable waters of the United States": and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in t interstate or foreign commerce.
В.	Waters defined u	nder 33 CFR part 3	28.3(a) as	"waters of the United States":
$\boxtimes$		f waters, which are c	urrently us	sed, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
		f interstate waters inc		ers which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	(3) The presence of sandflats, wetlands destruction of which [ (i) which are of	f other waters such a , sloughs, prairie pot th could affect inters or could be used by in	s intrastate holes, wet tate comm nterstate of	e lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or erce including any such waters (check all that apply):  r foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
				be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	<ul><li>(4) Impoundments</li><li>(5) The presence of</li><li>(6) The presence of</li></ul>	of waters otherwise of a tributary to a water farritorial seas.	defined as er identifie	
	(1) The presence of	wenands adjacent	to other w	ators of the 63, except for those weriands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The Brazos River is a Navigable water of the United States.

FILE NUMBER: D-15797/(01)

La ⊠	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ clear, natural line impressed on the bank ☐ the presence of litter and debris ☐ changes in the character of soil ☐ destruction of terrestrial vegetation ☐ shelving ☐ other:  ☐ tidal gages ☐ other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Ba	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
DATA I	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated 14 Sep 2004, prepared by: Baker and Lawson, Inc.  *Note* this is a verification of the Ordinary High Water Line only, no data sheets were supplied with the verification.
	This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: East Columbia, Texas Quad  U.S. Geological Survey 1.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 1.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 1.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995 East Columbia CIR  Other photographs (Date): Photos taken during site visit, 6 Oct 2004  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on: 6 Oct 2004  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (places specify):

<sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$ The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-16695

PR	OIFCT	LOCATIO	N INFORM	MATION:

State: Texas County: Brazoria

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29 02' 00" N 95 11' 37" W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.02 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Christmas Bay

Name of watershed: Austin-Oyster

## JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date:

Date(s): 4 Nov 2004

## Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

#### BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-14695

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by:  in element of Line indicated by:  in element
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.  Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Basi	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:  The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Manmade upland Drainage
DATA I	ditch that does not extend the ordinary highwater line of a water of the United States.  Other (explain):  REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Christmas Point, TX Quad  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  1995 TNRIS color infrared aerial, Christmas Point, TX quad Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on: 4 Nov 2004  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** D-16428

PROJECT LO	CATION INFORMATION
State:	Texas
County:	Brazoria

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

29 04' 16" N, 95 35' 22"W (NAD 27)

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 53 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Brazos River Name of watershed: San Bernard

JURISDICTIC	DNAL DET	<b>TERMINA</b>	TION
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Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date:

Date(s): 21 October 2004

## Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.65 acre.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

#### **BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:**

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: An unnamed tributary to the San Bernard River is located on the property. The tributary has been re-routed through a road side ditch and through other channelized watercourses to connect to another tributary which flows to the San Bernard River. The connection is also documented in CESWG file D-14071. The wetlands are located below the ordinary high water mark of the unnamed tributary to the San Bernard River.

FILE NUMBER: D-16428

Line indicated by: r scum line along shore objects shell or debris deposits (foreshore) ical markings/characteristics gages ::	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank  □ the presence of litter and debris  □ changes in the character of soil  □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation  □ shelving  □ other:	La ⊠
changes in vegetation types.	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings	
d/or in a delineation report prepared by:	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetlar	
128.3(a)(3).  Is present on the site are not Waters of the resuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. ation ceased. and to collect and ock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or odies of water created esthetic reasons. On activity and pits excavated in dry land for instruction or excavation operation is vaters of the United States found at 33 CFR	Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the l	Bas S
-	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excava Other (explain):	
by (company): epared by (company):  1972) Brazoria  County  nel 580  December 1977, January 2000	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMIN  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the  This office concurs with the delineation report, da  This office does not concur with the delineation re  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:	DATA R
rsuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. ation ceased. and to collect and ock watering, irrigation, settling basin odies of water created esthetic reasons. on activity and pits excavated in dry I astruction or excavation operation is vaters of the United States found at 33 conservation Service. Explain rational lain rationale:  at apply):  by (company): epared by (company):  1972) Brazoria  County  nel 580  December 1977, January 2000	United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment Artificially irrigated areas, which would rever Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating retain water and which are used exclusively for rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water-filled depressions created in dry land in the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unabandoned and the resulting body of water mediated and the resulting body of water mediated and with no nexus to in the prior converted cropland, as determined by the the Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated Other (explain):  REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINED Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the the This office concurs with the delineation report, dated the This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated the theorem and the corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:	DATA R

Twetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RC** 

FILE NUMBER: D-16661

# PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas
County: Fort Bend

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29 -37'-16" / 95 -33'-55"

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: .10 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Sims Bayou Name of watershed: Sims Bayou

## JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 07 December 2004

Date(s):

# Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, $\square$ there appear to be (or) $\square$ there appear to be no "waters of the
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

#### BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

# B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands.

- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
- (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
- (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The drainage channel is an upland drainage ditch and is not a re-routed tributary or headwater of a water of the United States. As such, the drainage channel is not subject to Corps of Engineers jurisdiction pursuant to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (Section 404) or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (Section 10). The discharging of dredged or fill material or working within the drainage channel (upland drainage ditch) is not subject to Corps of Engineers jurisdiction and does not require a Department of the Army permit.

FILE NUMBER: D-16661

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
\$3 \$2	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	<ul><li>Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:</li><li>Other (explain):</li></ul>
DATA I	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by :  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Missouri City, TX  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 17 Minute Topographic maps:  National wetlands inventory maps:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 1-5067

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

Stat	e: Texas	ON INFORMATION:	AVGTAKE IF	Name : 11 linguation allique
Cen App Nar	roximate size ne of nearest w	s of site (latitude/longity of area (parcel) reviewe vaterway: Drum Bay d: Austin-Oyster		59' 52" N 95 13' 57" W ling uplands: >1 acre.
•	npleted: De	<b>DETERMINATION</b> sktop determination e visit(s)		Date: 12 Dec 2004 Date(s):
Jur	isdictional De	etermination (JD):		
	United States			ion, $\square$ there appear to be (or) $\square$ there appear to be no "waters of the e United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
×	Approved JD Check all tha		n appealal	able action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
		e "navigable waters of the area. Approximate size		States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within dictional area:
		e "waters of the United a. Approximate size of		as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the ional area:
	There are			-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.  WANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
BASIS	OF JURISDIC	CTIONAL DETERMI	NATION	N:
	Waters defi	ned under 33 CFR pare of waters that are subj	t 329 as ect to the	"navigable waters of the United States":  ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in sport interstate or foreign commerce.
B	(1) The presinterstate or (2) The president (3) The president (3) The president (4) The president (5) The president (6) The president (6) The president (7)	ence of waters, which a foreign commerce, inclence of interstate waters ence of other waters suggestlands, sloughs, prairie of which could affect in the are or could be used in which fish or shellfish	re currently uding all variations and including the as intra potholes, terstate co y interstate are or co	a) as "waters of the United States": tly used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.  ag interstate wetlands.  astate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, , wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or commerce including any such waters (check all that apply): ate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.  build be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.  strial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The lot contains wetlands that meet the three criteria of the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual. These wetlands are contiguous with, and therefore adjacent to Drum Bay. Drum Bay is a navigable water of the united States subject to the ebb and flow of the daily tide.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

**FILE NUMBER: I-5067** 

***************************************	ral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
×	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA F	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey T.5 Minute Topographic maps: Freeport Texas Quad  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:
issued to	Other information (please specify): Previously investigated under I-4920, After-The-Fact permit SWG-04-029-002 authorize the activity in waters of the United States, specifically adjacent wetlands.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-16418

# PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: State: Texas County: Galveston Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29 16' 44" W 94 52' 15" N Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.627 acre. Name of nearest waterway: Offatts Bayou Name of watershed: West Galveston Bay JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Completed: Desktop determination Date: Site visit(s) Date(s): 14 Sep 2004 Jurisdictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information \( \subseteq \subseteq \) United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: ☑ There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: Mathere are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction. BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>. (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply): (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. [ (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US. (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above. (6) The presence of territorial seas. (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: This adjacent wetland is contiguous with Offatts Bayou, which is a navigable water of the United States subject to the ebb and flow of the daily tide. Therefore, these wetlands are adjacent to Offatts Bayou.

FILE NUMBER: D-16418 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Berg Oliver Associates, Inc. **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): ✓ Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
 ✓ Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated 4 Nov 2004, prepared by Berg Oliver Associates, Inc. This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Galveston, Texas Quad U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Galveston County Soil Survey National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): City of Galveston, 48569 issued 6 Dec 2002 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995, Black and White, 1983 true color Other photographs (Date): Site phots from the consultant

Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Applicable/supporting case law:

Site visit/determination conducted on: 14 Sep 2004

Other information (please specify): Galveston County Key Map, Page 773

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Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** I-5015

#### PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas County: Calhoun

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28 41' 00"N, 96 39' 07"W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.01 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Lavaca Bay Name of watershed: West Matagorda

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date:

Date(s): 07 September 2004

# Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, $\square$ there appear to be (or) $\square$ there appear to be no "waters of the
 United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.01 acre.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.01 acre.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Invisidation

## BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
  - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
  - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
  - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
  - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
  - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Lavaca Bay is a navigable water of the United States, shown in the navigable waters list at the USACE Galveston District

FILE NUMBER: I-5015

	Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) inary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	an High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum;  physical markings;  vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
<b>■</b> We	tland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
The Unit Hea	reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  able to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  dequarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the states:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
Ma Dai Dai Dai Con U.S U.S U.S US VAI Ac Ac Site Ap	IEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): ps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. a sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company): a sheets prepared by the Corps. ps' navigable waters' studies: Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Kamey 1952, photo-revised 1972 Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: A Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: A Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Calhoun County 1978 ional wetlands inventory maps: Kamey 1998 tet/Local wetland inventory maps: MA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Calhoun County Panel 42, 03 January 1985 -year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) rial Photographs (Name & Date): Kamey DOQQ 1995 ter photographs (Date): Site photographs from Texas General Land Office 24 August 2004 vanced Identification Wetland maps: visit/determination conducted on: 07 September 2004 plicable/supporting case law: ter information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 1-5057

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State: Texas

County: Matagorda
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

28 46' 18"N, 95 37' 05"W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.01 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Gulf Intracoastal Waterway

Name of watershed: San Bernard

## JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date:

Date(s): 18 November 2004

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the
 United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.01 acre.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.01 acre.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

## BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
  - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
  - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
  - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
  - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
  - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
  - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The Gulf Intracoastal Waterway is a navigable water of the United States.

**FILE NUMBER: I-5057** 

Late	ral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other:  High Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics □ tidal gages other:	
<u>⊠</u>	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.  Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:	
Bas	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:  The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.	
	Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):	
DATA I	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Cedar Lakes West  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): GLO, Block 12, January 2002  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on: 18 November 2004  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

# JUNISDIC LIUNAL DE LERIVINA LIUN U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG

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State: Texas

County: Matagorda

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM Zone 15; 222468 E; 3217844 N & 15; 224394 E; 3218457N

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 8.2 & 8.57 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Caney Creek Name of watershed: Caney Creek

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Site visit(s) Date(s):

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

$\bowtie$	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, _ there appear to be (or) \( \subseteq \) there appear to be no "waters of the
*******	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
  - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
    - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
  - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-16768 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: П Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. 囟 Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  $\boxtimes$ Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: Pearland, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Matagorda County TX (Map Panel 150 of 775) March 18, 1005

(NGVD)

Other photographs (Date): Site photos provided by the applicant's agent

100-year Floodplain Elevation is:

Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995 DOQQ

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.